## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA ASHEVILLE DIVISION 1:11cv102

THALIA D. COOPER,	)	
Plaintiff,	) ) ROSEBORG	0
<b>v.</b>	) ORDER	,
LISA JOHNSON, et al.	)	
Defendants.	)	
	)	

Pending before the Court is the Motion to Dismiss [# 24] filed by Defendant Transylvania County and Dotti Harris. Plaintiff is proceeding *pro se* and will be advised of her obligation to respond and the time for doing so.

In accordance with <u>Roseboro v. Garrison</u>, 528 F.2d 309 (4th Cir. 1975), Plaintiff, who is proceeding *pro se*, is cautioned that Defendants have filed a Motion to Dismiss contending that the Amended Complaint fails to state claim against Defendants Transylvania County and Dotti Harris, including that her claims are barred by applicable statute of limitations.

Rule 12(b)(6), Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, provides for dismissal where a party has failed to state a cause of action as a matter of law. This language means that in responding to the motion to dismiss, Plaintiff must show that she has made sufficient allegations to support a cause of action against such defendant that is recognized by law. In <u>Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly</u>, 550 U.S. 544 (2007), the Court held that to survive a Rule 12(b)(6) motion to dismiss, a plaintiff must allege

facts in her complaint that "raise a right to relief above the speculative level." <u>Id.</u>, at 555.

[A] plaintiff's obligation to provide the "grounds" of his "entitle[ment] to relief" requires more than labels and conclusions, and a formulaic recitation of the elements of a cause of action will not do . . . .

- [a] claim has facial plausibility when the plaintiff pleads sufficient factual content that allows the court to draw the reasonable inference that the defendant is liable for the misconduct alleged.
- <u>Id.</u> This "plausibility standard" requires "more than a sheer possibility that a defendant has acted unlawfully." <u>Id.</u> Thus, a complaint falls short of the plausibility standard where plaintiff "pleads facts that are 'merely consistent with' a defendant's liability . . . ." <u>Id.</u> While the court accepts <u>plausible</u> factual allegations made in the Complaint as true and considers those facts in the light most favorable to plaintiff in

ruling on a motion to dismiss, a court "need not accept as true unwarranted inferences, unreasonable conclusions, or arguments." <u>Eastern Shore Mkt.'s Inc. v. J.D. Assoc.'s</u>, <u>LLP</u>, 213 F. 3d 175, 180 (4th Cir. 2000).

Finally, Plaintiff is advised that the method for responding requires her filing a written "response" to Defendants' motion within the time allowed by this Order. A copy of such response must be sent to counsel for all other parties, and Plaintiff must certify that she has made such service in a "certificate of service" indicating the manner in which such service was made.

## **ORDER**

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that Plaintiff file her written response to Defendants' Motions to Dismiss [# 24] not later than June 17, 2011.

Signed: June 6, 2011

Dennis L. Howell

United States Magistrate Judge